COUNTRY BASELINE UNDER THE ILO DECLARATION ANNUAL REVIEW

Egypt - 2021

THE ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF FORCED OR COMPULSORY LABOUR Protocol of 2014 P029 to the Forced Labour Convention

REPORTING	
Fulfillment of Government's reporting obligations	
p29 Fulfillment of Government's reporting obligations	
Involvement of Employers' and Workers' organizations in the reporting process	
91. When preparing its report, did the Government consult? [10.1]	a) The most representative employers organizations?, b) The most representative workers organizations?
92. To which employers organizations was the report sent? [12] Please provide the list	Federation of Egyptian industries Federation of Egyptian Chambers of Commerce
93. To which workers organizations was the report sent? [13] Please provide the list	Egyptian Trade Union Federation
OBSERVATIONS BY THE SOCIAL PARTNERS	
Employers' organizations	
83. Have employers and or workers	Yes

organizations been consulted in the development and implementation of

adopted measures? [6.1]

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EFFORTS AND PROGRESS MADE IN REALIZING MEASURES TARGETED BY THE PROTOCOL		
Ratification		

Ratification intention

61. If you have ratified Convention No. 29 but not the 2014 Protocol to Convention No. 29, what are the prospects for ratification of the Protocol?

Unlikely

Existence of a policy and or plan of action for the suppression of forced or compulsory labour

63. Is there a national policy and plan of action aimed at realizing the principle of effective and sustained suppression of all forms of forced or compulsory labour through prevention, victim protection and access to remedies? [1.1]

Yes

Measures taken or envisaged for systematic and coordinated action

64. Please describe the measures envisaged, the established objectives and the authorities responsible for the implementation, coordination and assessment of these measures. Please provide any relevant URL(s) [1.2]

The Egyptian constitution of 2014 provides in article 89 that slavery and all forms of oppression and forced exploitation against humans are forbidden, as is sex trafficking, and forms of human trafficking, all of which are punishable by law. In 2010 Egypt adopted the Egyptian human trafficking low no. 64 for 2010. The Arab Republic of Egypt has developed a national mechanism for monitoring and combating human trafficking in the form of a national committee (National committee for combating and preventing illegal Migration and human trafficking) established upon the decree of the prime minister, one of the issues the committee deals with is the forced labour with the participation of all the specialized and concerned authorities and ministries. The committee revises its specializations and develop working method while taking corrective actions as necessary (like widening the specialization of the

committee, establishing sub committees to control or giving special attention to forced labour related issues). Egypt has developed a special mechanism for combating human trafficking law no 64 for 2010. The main purpose of the national coordinating committee for preventing and combating illegal migration and human trafficking (NCCPIM and TIP) (NCCPIM and TIP) is to set a kind of collective work to set the measures and to take necessary steps / procedures, to reduce and eliminate the two phenomena. For example one form of the measures taken by the committee is to indicate the responsibilities of the different authorities in processing the issues of common interest and recommend the possible solutions and monitoring the progress of the relevant ministries and authorities. Other measures taken by the (NCCPIM and TIP) was issuing the guide book of protecting the Egyptian laborers from the human trafficking, making a mass media campaign in order to increase the awareness about the hazards of human trafficking and forced labour. The issuing of law no. 82 of 2016 on combating illegal migration and smuggling of migrants. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the United Nations office in Egypt launched the joint platform for Migrants and Refugees in November 2021, based on the Egyptian State's keenness to respect the human rights of migrants and refugees . The platform provides an opportunity to analyze the needs of refugees ,migrants and the host community for them, consider the policy, legislative and practical framework, as well as mobilize more resources in order to ensure the sustainability of humanitarian efforts provided to refugees and migrants.

Measures taken or envisaged to prevent forms of forced labour

Yes
b) Strengthening and broadening of the coverage of legislation, particularly labour law, d) Supporting due diligence by the public and private sectors, f) Promotion of safe and regular migration, g) Education/vocational training, i) Promotion of freedom of association and collective bargaining to enable at-risk workers to join workers' organizations, j) Basic social security guarantees
otect victims of forced labour
Yes
cilitate access to remedies
Yes
Yes

81. Does the Government cooperate with other member States, international and regional organizations, or nongovernmental organizations to achieve the effective and sustained suppression of forced or compulsory labour? [5.1]

Yes

Special initiatives or Progress

85. Please describe any significant changes which have taken place since your last report (for example, changes in the legislative and institutional framework, launching of major programmes, new data, changes in the number of persons in forced labour who have been identified, released and protected, penalties imposed on perpetrators). [7]

Steps have been taken to amend the labour act no.12 for 2003

TECHNICAL COOPERATION NEEDS

Request

87. Does your Government think that it should establish technical cooperation activities with the ILO or pursue those that already exist for the prevention and effective suppression of forced or compulsory labour, victim protection and access to remedies? [9.1]

No