10STEPS

FOR A SAFER & HEALTHIER WORKPLACE

- Safety is everyone's business
 If you see something wrong don't leave it for someone else.
 Regular discussions between colleagues, managers and workers are the key to good safety. Set up systems to exchange information, ideas and concerns and establish regular timetables for making checks.
- 2 Use your space well
 Don't muddle up areas for working, resting or storage. Keep
 passageways and working spaces clear and well lit. Clean drinking
 water and rest room facilities should be easily available.
- Check your work area
 Schedule a few minutes regularly to check your work area.
 Ideally you should work at elbow height in a natural posture that minimises bending, twisting or arm-raising.
- Install safety guards
 Make sure any machines with dangerous moving parts have guards and that electric connections and wiring are safe. Service and maintain your equipment regularly and check at least once a month to ensure no broken or unstable parts.

5 Think about your environment

It's not just factory work that exposes you to hazards like dust, chemicals, noise and heat; offices and homes have them too. So maximise natural ventilation. Chemicals should be properly labelled and stored in a secure place. Keep the temperature comfortable.

- Use protective equipment

 Make sure adequate clothing and protective equipment are available goggles, shoes, gloves, helmets, etc. First aid kits are important, as is training people in how to use them.
- 7 Use labour-saving equipment
 Use (well-maintained) labour-saving equipment for lifting or
 moving heavy and awkward things, or performing regular tasks.
- A change is as good as a rest

 Add variety to what you or your employees do. Monotony and boredom are the enemies of quality and productivity as well as safety. Making work more interesting will also help to develop new skills
- Special care Some of your colleagues may need special care to do their best; consider the needs of pregnant women, people with disabilities, migrant or foreign workers, the elderly.
- Take a break

 Don't forget to take a break. Regular short rests help to keep productivity and work quality high and accident levels low. Longer term, don't think of regular days off and vacations as a luxury, they help to avoid burn-out, fatigue and exhaustion.



