

Roles and Responsibilities of Workers in the Centenary Declaration on FOW

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The Content

1. ILO Centenary Declaration from workers' perspectives

2. SDGs and VNR: The role of trade unions

3. Just transition and migration

1. ILO Centenary Declaration from workers' perspectives



1.1 The Centenary Declaration adapted at a time of transition with global mega trends, which create major <u>challenges and opportunities</u> in a future of work.

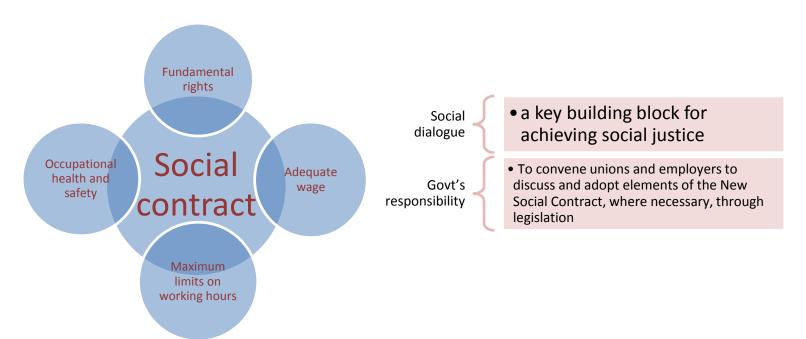
PICs' challenges in the Challenges **Opportunities** platform economy Persistently expanding informal → How tripartite partners can underdevelopment of policy and economy leverage cooperation to cope with regulation New forms of employment these challenges? lack of emerging from digital and techinfrastructure led economy lack of education → What opportunities individuals Moving towards an ageing for worker and the and tripartite can create from these public society with high youth mega trends? unemployment Unpredictable climate change

1.2 The Declaration renews the fundamental principles of the Philadelphia Declaration, which reinforce <u>labour right and social justice</u>.

Ratification status of ILO core conventions in the PICs (year)								
Country	C87	C98	C29	C105	C100	C111	C138	C182
Fiji	2002	1974	1974	1974	2002	2002	2002	2003
Marshall Islands								2019
Palau								2019
PNG	2000	1976	1976	1976	2000	2000	2000	2000
Samoa	2008	2008	2008	2008	2008	2008	2008	2008
Tuvalu								2019
Vanuatu	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006		2019



1.3 The Centenary Declaration promotes a <u>new social contract</u>, which has four elements of labour floor protection;



2. SDGs and VNR: The role of trade unions

At national level

- → 17 SDGs highly relevant union work
- → The fight against labour rights, poverty, inequalities and climate change; and the fight for greater gender equality, free quality education, public services and stronger institutions
- → Union position papers on VNR developed in Indonesia and the Philippines

- → Trade Union **Development Cooperation** Network (TUDCN) in 2017 to monitor the SDG Implementation at national level with the following activities:
- i. Awareness raising and advocacy
 - ii. Mobilisation
 - iii. Trade union priorities
 - iv. National focal points

At the global level

- → Research
- → Compilation of country profiles

https://www.ituccsi.org/2030Agenda

> Participation in the HLPF in New York and reporting on union observations on SDGs

Trade union priorities



















TUDCN meeting in Jan. 2019 in Bangkok



TU-CSO (AP Regional CSO Mechanism) joint forum prior to APFSD 24-25 March 2019, Bangkok

a joint press release calling for development justice in AP



2.2 HLPF (8-17 July, NY) with a theme of "Empowering people and ensuring inclusiveness and equality".



Challenges	Opportunities
 Lack of public awareness on SDGs 	→ Linkage among the national socio- economic development plan, DWCP and
 Lack of participation of the social partners in the SDG governance 	SDGs through policy integration and stronger partnership
 Lack of involvement of social partners in VNR 	→ Shared goals and responsibilities in achieving the national priorities of SDGs
Lack of dissemination of good practices	→ Use SDGs as a national policy framework in response to a future of work

ILO report says, "Most countries have a long way to go towards achieving inclusive and decent work for all". More action needs to be taken.

Just Transition and migration



Key issues

- In 2020, governments will review nationally-determined development plans for reducing CO2 emissions in accordance with the Paris Climate Agreement.
- Workplace health and safety
- Climate Change threats the livelihood of people and causes people to migrate for alternative opportunities

National action

- Organise Just Transition Roundtables with employers to discuss climate proofing work and workplaces → Collective Agreements
- Just Transition for climate ambition through strong Union participation in developing national climate plans
- Increased numbers of Just **Transition Commissions at country** level.

Regional action

- Implementation of the **ILO Just Transition** Guidelines
- ILO Employment and Decent Work for Peace and Resilience Recommendation, 2017 (No. 205)

Concluding



Key areas	Recommendations SOCIAL 3US
Policy consistency	Consistency among National socio-economic development plan, DWCP and SDGs → What is the mechanism to make triangular goals consistent?
SDGs	 →Use SDGs as a policy framework in response to a future of work → Public awareness-raising on SDGs → Active engagement of social partners in the SDG governance and reporting
Migration	 → Job opportunities should be accompanied by floor labour protection, such as FoA, the right to collective bargaining, OSH and working hours → Bilateral & multilateral cooperation like union MOU in sending and receiving countries
Climate change	 → Adaption and implantation of the ILO Just Transition Guidelines, 2015 → ILO Employment and Decent Work for Peace and Resilience Recommendation, 2017 (No. 205)
Regional cooperation	 → Establishment of cross-border tripartite mechanism What is its structure, including SPOCTU and PIPSO, financing and agenda-setting → SDG17 : Countries need to create partnerships, including labour, CSOs, academia



THANK YOU